

$\mathcal{C} \text{ m}\alpha\text{g}$ CONTINUOUS FUNCTION IN TOPOLOGICAL SPACES

V. Kokilavani and S. Meena Priyadarshini*

Department of Mathematics,
Kongunadu Arts and Science College,
Coimbatore-641 029, Tamil Nadu, INDIA

E-mail : vanikasc@yahoo.co.in

*Department of Mathematics,
Kumaraguru College of Technology,
Coimbatore-641 049, Tamil Nadu, INDIA

E-mail : meenapriyadarshini.s.sci@kct.ac.in

(Received: Mar. 05, 2020 Accepted: April. 23, 2020 Published: Apr. 30, 2020)

Abstract: In this paper, we introduce and investigate a new class of mappings namely contra mildly α generalized continuous (briefly $\mathcal{C} \text{ m}\alpha\text{g}$ continuous) maps and discuss their relation between few existing contra continuous maps.

Keywords and Phrases: $\mathcal{C} \text{ m}\alpha\text{g}$ continuous functions, $\text{m}\alpha\text{g}$ irresolute maps.

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification: 54A05, 54C10.

1. Introduction and Preliminaries

In 1996, Dontchev [3] introduced a new notion of contra continuity. In 1999 J. Dontchev and Noiri [4] introduced and investigated contra semi-continuous functions. In 2001 S. Jafari and T. Noiri [5] introduced contra α continuous functions between topological spaces. Also in 2002 Jafari.et.al [6] introduced contra pre-continuous functions. In this paper, we apply the concept of contra continuity to mildly α generalized closed sets. Preliminaries

Throughout this paper, (X, τ) , (Y, σ) and (Z, η) (or simply X , Y and Z) always denote topological spaces on which no separation axioms are assumed unless otherwise mentioned. For a subset A of a space X , $cl(A)$ and $int(A)$ denote the closure